# Towards a Human-Computer Collaborative Scientific Paper Lifecycle: A Pilot Study and Hands-On Tutorial

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#### Abstract

Due to the rapid growth of publications varying in quality, there exists a pressing need to help scientists digest and evaluate relevant papers, thereby facilitating scientific discovery. This creates a number of urgent questions; however, computer-human collaboration in the scientific paper lifecycle is still in the exploratory stage and lacks a unified framework for analyzing the relevant tasks. Additionally, with the recent significant success of large language models (LLMs), they have increasingly played an important role in academic writing. In this **cutting-edge** tutorial, we aim to provide an all-encompassing overview of the paper lifecycle, detailing how machines can augment every stage of the research process for the scientist, including scientific literature understanding, experiment development, manuscript draft writing, and finally draft evaluation. This tutorial is devised for *researchers interested in this rapidly-developing field of NLP-augmented paper writing*. The tutorial will also feature a session of hands-on exercises during which participants can guide machines in generating ideas and automatically composing key paper elements. Furthermore, we will address current challenges, explore future directions, and discuss potential ethical issues. A toolkit designed for human-computer collaboration throughout the paper lifecycle will also be made publically available. The tutorial materials are online at https://sites.google.com/view/coling2024-paper-lifecycle/.

Keywords: Paper Lifecycle Assistant, LLM, Human-Computer Collaboration

#### 1. Introduction

Scientists are experiencing information overload (Landhuis, 2016) due to the rapid growth of scientific literature. From March 13, 2020, to June 2, 2022, during the COVID-19 pandemic, more than a million articles related to the coronavirus were published (Wang et al., 2020a). However, scientists peruse only about 300 papers annually (Van Noorden, 2014). Simply put, when writing new articles, scientists cannot review all related papers. Beyond this, another major obstacle is the guality of the papers. While many research articles, especially preprints, provide new perspectives for researchers, they also duplicate findings, spread misinformation, and show disagreements among themselves (Wang et al., 2021b). This can cause a seemingly paradoxical increase of misinformation in scientific dissemination as the number of papers increases (Casigliani et al., 2020). Finally, field-specific language can be a barrier to scientific communication (Han et al., 2018; Lucy et al., 2023). For example, Glasziou et al. (2020) shows that collaboration and communication for research were extremely limited during the early stage of COVID-19, causing massive waste in research.

To address these pressing issues, researchers are developing AI methods to mitigate distorted scientific dissemination, generate new research directions, and ultimately draft papers. The recent dramatic advances in large language models raise the tantalizing prospect that such a capability is within reach. For example, researchers have tested ChatGPT (OpenAI, 2023) in writing essays (Stokel-Walker, 2022), research papers (Conroy, 2023c), or even grant applications (Park, 2023). According to a Nature postdoc survey (Nordling, 2023), 31% of respondents use AI chatbots in their work. Despite such popularity, fundamental challenges remain for this vision to materialize. Even with the assistance of search engines, LLMs sometimes generate fake references with incorrect metadata or cite papers that do not exist (Conroy, 2023b). Additionally, LLMs tend to generate papers with extensive plagiarism (Anderson et al., 2023) and inaccurate results (Hosseini et al., 2023).

To address those challenges, we will explore the following questions in this tutorial:

- Why do we care about AI-assisted literature review?
- How can humans leverage computers to evaluate the quality of scientific papers?
- How can AI facilitate new scientific ideas?
- How can we address the ethical issue of large language models in the paper lifecycle?

Specifically, we will offer a comprehensive introduction to recent techniques for a series of tasks involved in the paper lifecycle. To begin with, we will divide the paper lifecycle into four parts: the scientific literature review, hypothesis generation and experiments, paper drafting, and paper evaluation. Furthermore, we will engage the audience in a hands-on Google Colab project to write and evaluate a new paper draft assisted by LLMs. We will also concurrently discuss ethical concerns in the field throughout the tutorial and include a specific section for ethical concerns. Finally, we will discuss the remaining challenges and future directions for the AI-assisted scientific paper lifecycle. We will construct a toolkit and related papers for the AI-assisted scientific paper lifecycle on GitHub.

## 2. Target Audience

The tutorial will be accessible to all NLP researchers who wish to develop NLP methods for the scientific paper lifecycle. While no specific background knowledge is required, having a basic understanding of pretrained language models, graph neural networks, and other basic deep learning technologies would be helpful. We expect around **50** to **100** participants based on the popularity.

# 3. Outline – The Paper Lifecycle [210]

## 3.1. Background and Motivation [15]

We will begin the tutorial with a comprehensive overview of the scientific paper lifecycle by showcasing various applications in accelerating scientific discovery (Gil, 2022; Birhane et al., 2023), including scientific literature review, scientific hypothesis generation, experiment development, paper draft generation, and draft evaluation. Specifically, we will focus on the recent trend of applying LLMs in academic writing, briefly discussing the benefits and potential ethical concerns of this approach.

## 3.2. Scientific Literature Review [40]

Scientific Knowledge Base Construction [20] We will introduce scientific LLMs, which usually focus on domain-adaptive pre-training (Phan et al., 2021; Scao et al., 2022; Hong et al., 2023). Working with these general model architectures as tools, we will describe why knowledge graphs are still necessary in the LLM era by providing cases where LLMs fail due to a lack of structured knowledge. Then, we will focus on how various scientific information extraction (IE) tasks are formulated (Hou et al., 2019; Cohan et al., 2019; Jain et al., 2020; Cattan et al., 2021; Panapitiya et al., 2021; Shen et al., 2022; Song et al., 2023). Finally, we will discuss how researchers can improve the knowledge base guality and utilize those tools to enhance the paper reading experience (Fok et al., 2023).

**Retrieving Relevant Information [20]** Given the exponential growth of papers and the language barrier between different disciplines, scientists need

effective ways to retrieve relevant papers. Specifically, we will provide real-world examples of information retrieval (IR) in the Covid-19 (Wang et al.. 2020a). Then, we will comprehensively introduce the tasks in scientific information retrieval. Further, we will cover existing methods and applications of scientific information retrieval by categorizing them into four major types, including scientific paper retrieval (Hongwimol et al., 2021), paper relationship discovery (Luu et al., 2021), scientific evidence extraction (Li et al., 2021), and scientific dataset recommendation (Viswanathan et al., 2023). Finally, we will discuss how information retrieval can be used for downstream tasks related to the paper lifecycle, including scientific idea discovery (Hope et al., 2020), and scientific fact-checking (Wang et al., 2023). We will also discuss the potential risks of incorrect information retrieval results.

## 3.3. Hypothesis Generation and Experiments [25]

Generating Research Directions [20] Since we have built the knowledge base and retrieved relevant papers based on certain topics, we will then present automatic scientific hypotheses generation, the goal of which is to suggest potential research directions for researchers. We will start by showing drug repurposing for COVID-19 as a real-world application of scientific hypothesis generation (Hope et al., 2020; Zhang et al., 2021a; Wang et al., 2021b). We will then give an overview of literaturebased research direction discovery (Henry and McInnes, 2017; Hope et al., 2023). After that, we will show how to effectively utilize existing literature and a knowledge base to discover new scientific directions (Wang et al., 2019; Krenn et al., 2023). Lastly, we will discuss the ethical considerations for scientific hypothesis discovery, including usage requirements, potential risks, and system performance limitations.

LLMs as Experimental Agents [5] In this paragraph, we will discuss several real-world applications of using LLMs for experimental agents, including experimental planning and scientific reasoning techniques. By integrating external knowledge bases and domain-specific tools, LLMs can help experts by formulating synthesis procedures (Bran et al., 2023), editing drugs (Liu et al., 2023), analyzing prediction results (Kumar et al., 2023), or even automating experiments (Wierenga et al., 2023). Currently, this direction remains highly exploratory.

## 3.4. Hands-on Paper Draft Assistant [50]

We will lead a hands-on exercise session using Google Colab, an important component of our tutorial. We will start by providing attendees with a group of seed terms as starting topics and their background knowledge (i.e., background sentences, knowledge graphs, and citation networks). The goal of this practice is first to generate new research ideas about these seed terms and finally to generate key elements of a paper, including a title, an abstract, and a related work section for these topics. Every attendee will initially brainstorm the most effective strategies to generate new hypotheses from the given input. They will later design a pipeline to write key elements of the paper, given the generated hypotheses and background knowledge. We will also ask participants to evaluate the generation quality from multiple perspectives including automatic and human evaluation.

Because writing code from scratch is timeconsuming, we will let participants choose from pre-installed state-of-the-art hypotheses and paper generation frameworks. We will also provide them with prepaid accounts and corresponding datasets. By the end of this session, audiences will understand how to build systems for hypothesis generation and paper writing, be familiar with methods prevalent in the realm of automatic scientific paper writing, and know evaluation methods for paper generation. We will release a toolkit on GitHub.

#### 3.5. Drafting a Paper [20]

In this part, we will divide the process of scientific paper writing into several components. We will first review available related work generation frameworks which utilize pretrained language models and graph neural networks (Lu et al., 2020; Ge et al., 2021). Next, we will dive into a more challenging aspect of paper writing: generating paper abstracts based on titles and knowledge graphs (Koncel-Kedziorski et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2019). We will also explore the generation of other paper components, including claim generation (Wright et al., 2022), definition generation (August et al., 2022), table captioning (Chen et al., 2021), and figure captioning (Hsu et al., 2021). Lastly, we will discuss human-Al collaborative writing (Lee et al., 2022).

#### 3.6. Paper Review and Ethics (45)

Automatic Scientific Reviewing [15] An important step in the process of scientific writing is evaluating paper quality to prevent distorted scientific dissemination. Due to the rapid growth in the number of paper submissions, the quality of peer reviews has become a widely discussed topic, as shown in Section 5.3 of Rogers et al. (2023). Therefore, we will present an automatic scientific review assistant to alleviate this issue. We will first demonstrate current progress in automatic scientific review (Yuan et al., 2022). We will then divide the scientific review process into two tasks: peer-review score prediction (Kang et al., 2018) and review comment generation (Wang et al., 2020b). We will also focus on knowledge-guided review score prediction and review comment generation (Yuan and Liu, 2022). Finally, we will discuss automatic peer review in the era of LLMs (Liu and Shah, 2023; Zeng et al., 2023), which includes error detection, checklist verification, paper recommendation, and corpus comparison (Zhong et al., 2023).

Scientific Fact-Checking [15] We will start this section by introducing the danger of misinformation in scientific publications during the COVID-19 pandemic (Nelson et al., 2020). Additionally, language models tend to generate non-factual content (Maynez et al., 2020). We will also outline the importance of scientific fact-checking and highlight its difference from general fact-checking. Then, we will cover current scientific fact-checking datasets (Wadden et al., 2020; Sarrouti et al., 2021) and potential approaches (Zhang et al., 2021b; Yu et al., 2022) for this task. Finally, we will focus on the existing papers on human-centered fact-checking (Glockner et al., 2022; Juneja and Mitra, 2022) and try to adapt them to the scientific domain.

Ethics Concerns in the LLM Era [15] We will recap the increasing trend of using LLMs in academic writing. We will discuss the benefits of LLMs for scholarly publishing, including performing straightforward but time-consuming tasks (Conroy, 2023c) and improving equity in science (Lund et al., 2023). We will then address its risks and ethical concerns by showing a paper (Ayache and Omand, 2022) generated by GPT3 (Brown et al., 2020) as an example. Based on that paper, we will highlight potential issues, including incorrect reference (Conroy, 2023b), extensive plagiarism (Anderson et al., 2023), accuracy concerns (Hosseini et al., 2023), and equity concerns due to its subscription fee. Further, we will show the current challenges in Algenerated research paper detection (Gao et al., 2023). We will also include potential solutions for detecting Al-generated text (Crothers et al., 2023), such as watermarking LLMs (Kirchenbauer et al., 2023), writing style analysis (Ma et al., 2023).

#### 3.7. Open Questions [15]

At the end of the tutorial, we will first discuss recent exploratory work. We will discuss making scientific ideas more accessible to the general public with text style transfer (Dangovski et al., 2021; Goldsack et al., 2022; Fatima and Strube, 2023). We will conclude the tutorial by presenting the remaining challenges and future directions, including 1) multimodal analysis of formulas, tables, figures, and citation networks, 2) multimodal scientific hypothesis generation, and 3) automatic verification of the new hypothesis.

## 4. Diversity Considerations

The methods introduced in this tutorial can help mitigate the language barrier in interdisciplinary science communication. We will cover a broad diversity of methods and applications in different domains. The methods we introduced are mostly domain/language-agnostic. Therefore, they can apply to different domains with various languages. We estimate that only 15-20% of the work will involve one of the four presenters. The papers we discussed in the tutorial are produced by authors from a variety of backgrounds. Our diverse tutorial team represents two universities (UIUC and HUJI) and originates from three geographically distant countries (across China, Israel, and the U.S.). Their seniority varies, ranging from junior/senior Ph.D. students to assistant/full professors, and the team includes a female researcher. Our presenters will promote our tutorial on social media to help diversify our audience participation.

## 5. Reading List

- Related Tutorials (Jiang and Shang, 2020; Chen et al., 2022; Asai et al., 2023)
- General Guideline (Gil, 2022; Yuan et al., 2022; Birhane et al., 2023; Lund et al., 2023)
- Survey Papers (Li and Ouyang, 2022; Vladika and Matthes, 2023; Hope et al., 2023)
- Scientific IE (Luan et al., 2018; Jain et al., 2020; Shen et al., 2022; Song et al., 2023)
- Scientific IR (Wang et al., 2020c)
- Review Generation (Yuan and Liu, 2022)
- Hypothesis Generation (Krenn et al., 2023)
- Paper Draft Generation(Wang et al., 2021a)

## 6. Presenters

**Qingyun Wang** is a Ph.D. student in the Computer Science Department at UIUC. His research lies in controllable knowledge-driven natural language generation, focusing on NLP for scientific discovery. He served as a PC member for multiple conferences including ICML, ACL, ICLR, NeurIPS, etc. He previously entered the finalist of the first Alexa Prize competition. He received the NAACL-HLT 2021 Best Demo Reward. He has experience presenting a tutorial at EMNLP 2021.

**Carl Edwards** is a Ph.D. student in the Computer Science Department at UIUC. Broadly, he is interested in information extraction, information retrieval, text mining, representation learning, and multimodality. Particularly, he is interested in applying these to the scientific domain to accelerate scientific discovery. His current work focuses on integrating natural language and molecules, especially using multimodal representations.

**Heng Ji** is a professor at the Computer Science Department of UIUC, and Amazon Scholar. She is a leading expert on multimodal multilingual information extraction. She has coordinated the NIST TAC Knowledge Base Population task since 2010. She has served as the PC Co-Chair of many conferences including NAACL-HLT2018 and AACL-IJCNLP2022 and has presented many tutorials. She is elected as NAACL secretary 2020-2023. Her research interests broadly cover information extraction and NLP for Science, particularly in leveraging NLP for drug discovery.

**Tom Hope** is an assistant professor at the School of Computer Science and Engineering of HUJI, and a research scientist at Al2. He develops artificial intelligence methods that augment and scale scientific knowledge discovery by harnessing vast repositories of scientific knowledge. His work has received four best paper awards, appeared in top venues, and received coverage from Nature and Science. He was awarded the 2022 Azrieli Early Career Faculty Fellowship, and was a member of the KDD 2020 Best Paper Selection Committee.

# 7. Other Tutorial Information

All tutorial materials are publicly available at https://sites.google.com/view/ coling2024-paper-lifecycle/.

## 8. Ethics Statement

The methods we introduce in the tutorial aim to provide investigative leads for a scientific domain. The final results are not intended to be used without human review. We emphasize that the tools introduced in tutorials are designed to assist human scientists. The identified research directions and the process should be evaluated by trained researchers to ensure ethical outcomes. Because many methods are built on top of pretrained large language models, those systems may exhibit bias due to their pretraining dataset. This tutorial also provides opportunities to discuss the ethical considerations when designing and using those methods and provides a specific section to discuss ethical considerations related to LLMs. Most training sets for these methods are written in English, which might alienate readers historically underrepresented in the NLP domain.

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