

#### An Overview of Multilingual LT Research in Europe

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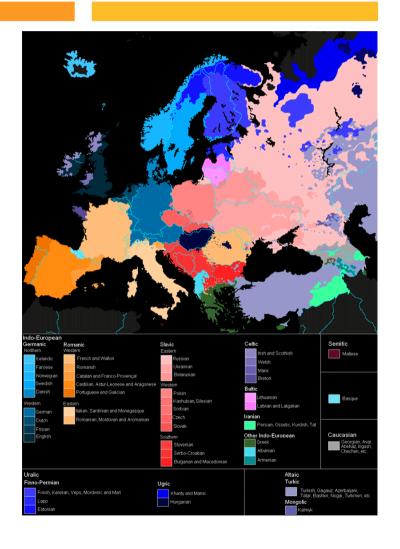
- Overview of Multilingual Language Technologies in Europe
  - Not possible to do in a fair and equitable way in 15 minutes
  - Even though we have data from META:
  - Language White Papers
- Rather:
  - Brief overview of where we are
  - Charting map of major research challenges for where we want to go to



- Why language technologies in Europe?
- Challenges and Opportunities
  - Complexity
  - Fragmentation
  - Coverage, Quality, Robustness
  - New domains: professionally edited vs. user-generated content (UGC)
  - Multi(ple)-modal knowledge sources
  - Standards and interoperability
  - Affordability
  - One-size-fits-all vs. specialised approaches
  - Paradigm shift vs. incremental improvements (engineering)
  - Human/user centric language technologies
- Conclusions

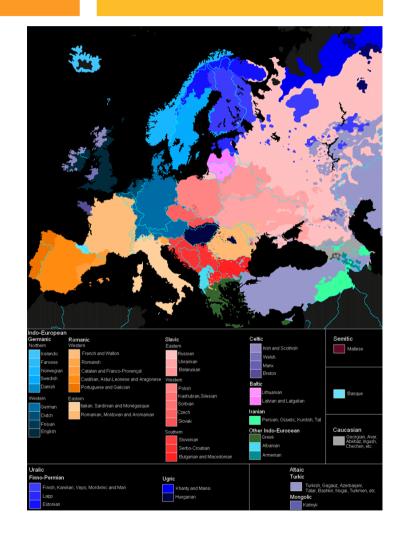


- 23 official languages
- 60+ regional languages
- The language of Europe is Translation
- Europe leading in LT, with US and Asia



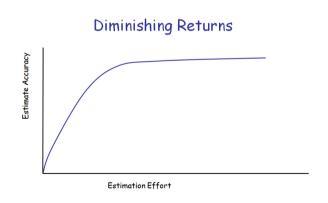


- Europe 500M citizens
- EU GDP 16+ trillion \$
- EU huge internal common market
- EU external trade
- Languages:
  - Commerce and trade
  - Cultural heritage and identity
  - Social stability and development
- Languages and communication are crucial





- Human languages are extraordinarily complex
- Many challenges to basic and applied research and applications
- Much progress has been made
- Overall picture remains patchy
- Coverage
  - LT resources for many "big" languages
  - Massive gaps for others
- Quality and robustness
  - Leaves much to be desired
  - Even for big languages





- New domains: professionally edited vs. user-generated content UGC
- Traditionally LTs designed for professionally edited content
  - Newspaper text, manuals, ...
  - Clean data
  - (Exception: speech and dialog processing)
- Move from WEB user as consumer to producer (WEB 2.0)
  - Prosumer
  - Social networking sites, blogs, fora, etc.
  - Noisy data
  - Huge commercial value
  - Customer care, sentiment analysis, social dyna intelligence



and other



- Combining multiple and multi-modal knowledge sources
  - Situated language technologies
  - Linguistic and extra-linguistic context

 Use information on slides if you do spoken language translation of a life lecture

Multi-modal output



Donning his new canine decoder, Professor Schwartzman becomes the first human being on Earth to hear what barking dogs are actually saying.



- Research fragmented
- Standards and interoperability
- Maturity of technology: nuts and blots
- Plug & play architectures
- LT app store
- Required for commercial exploitation of LTs
- Supports incremental progress





- Affordability of LTs
- Maturity of technology: nuts and blots
- Plug and play architectures
- Expertise
- Data
- Not just for the big players: MNO
- SMEs, NGOs and individuals (e.g. translators)





- One-size-fits-all vs. specialised approaches
- One-size-fits-all: e.g. PB-SMT
  - Simplicity
  - Scale
  - Affordable
  - Quality?

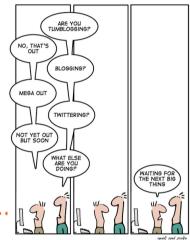


- Specialised approaches: for example special treatments/resources of free word-order languages or morphologically rich languages
  - Better quality
  - Costly?
  - Scalability?

Un-/semi-supervised machine learning the rescue?



- Paradigm shift vs. incremental improvements (engineering)
- Paradigm shift: the next big thing ...
  - Cannot augur the future
  - Most predictions tend to be wrong
  - Paradigm shifts tend to take time
- Incremental improvements/engineering: the hard slog ..
  - Struggle with point of diminishing returns







- Human/user centric language technologies
  - Translators are using machine translation
  - Interactive MT rather than post-editing MT output
  - Human in control
  - Disconnect between labs and users
  - LTs and HCI and software engineering





- Outstanding LT research, development and commercial expertise in Europe
- Landscape is fragmented
- □ Need:
  - Cross-European partnerships
  - Industry-academia-user partnerships
  - Shared research agenda



Q/A



#### Thank you.

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